

ITAÚ UNIBANCO HOLDING S.A.

DODD-FRANK ACT SECTION 165(D)

2018 U.S. RESOLUTION PLAN

PART I: PUBLIC SECTION

DECEMBER 2018

THIS RESOLUTION PLAN MAY CONTAIN STATEMENTS THAT ARE OR MAY CONSTITUTE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. ITAÚ HAS BASED THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS LARGELY ON ITS CURRENT EXPECTATIONS AND PROJECTIONS ABOUT FUTURE EVENTS AND FINANCIAL TRENDS AFFECTING ITS BUSINESS. THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND ASSUMPTIONS INCLUDING, AMONG OTHER RISKS: GENERAL ECONOMIC, POLITICAL AND BUSINESS CONDITIONS IN BRAZIL AND CHANGES IN INFLATION, INTEREST RATES, EXCHANGE RATES AND THE PERFORMANCE OF FINANCIAL MARKETS; DISRUPTIONS AND VOLATILITY IN THE GLOBAL FINANCIAL MARKETS; DIFFICULTIES IN INTEGRATING ACQUIRED OR MERGED BUSINESSES; GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS AND TAX LAWS AND CHANGES THEREIN; COMPETITION AND INDUSTRY CONSOLIDATION; INCREASES IN RESERVE AND COMPULSORY DEPOSIT REQUIREMENTS; CHANGES IN ITAÚ'S LOAN, SECURITIES AND DERIVATIVES PORTFOLIOS; ITAÚ'S EXPOSURE TO BRAZILIAN FEDERAL GOVERNMENT DEBT; INCORRECT PRICING EXPECTATIONS AND INADEQUATE RESERVES; EFFECTIVENESS OF ITAÚ'S RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES; FAILURE IN, OR BREACH OF, ITAÚ'S OPERATIONAL OR SECURITY SYSTEMS OR INFRASTRUCTURE; LOSSES ASSOCIATED WITH COUNTERPARTY EXPOSURES; THE ABILITY OF ITAÚ'S CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER TO DIRECT ITAÚ'S BUSINESS; AND REGULATION OF ITAÚ'S BUSINESS ON A CONSOLIDATED BASIS.

THE WORDS "BELIEVE", "MAY", "WILL", "ESTIMATE", "CONTINUE", "ANTICIPATE", "INTEND", "EXPECT" AND SIMILAR WORDS ARE INTENDED TO IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, BUT ARE NOT THE EXCLUSIVE MEANS OF IDENTIFYING SUCH STATEMENTS. ITAÚ UNDERTAKES NO OBLIGATION TO UPDATE PUBLICLY OR REVISE ANY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS BECAUSE OF NEW INFORMATION, FUTURE EVENTS OR OTHERWISE. IN LIGHT OF THESE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, THE FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION, EVENTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES DISCUSSED IN THIS RESOLUTION PLAN MIGHT NOT OCCUR. ITAÚ ACTUAL RESULTS AND PERFORMANCE COULD DIFFER SUBSTANTIALLY FROM THOSE ANTICIPATED IN SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS.

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1. Introduction

Itaú Unibanco Holding S.A. (“IU Holding” and, together with its subsidiaries, “Itaú”) has prepared this resolution plan (the “U.S. Resolution Plan”) in accordance with the requirements for U.S. resolution plans under Section 165(d) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 (the “Dodd-Frank Act”) and the implementing regulations promulgated by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the “Federal Reserve”) and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the “FDIC”), 12 C.F.R. Parts 243 and 381 (the “Resolution Plan Rule”). All information provided in the U.S. Resolution Plan is as of December 31, 2017, unless specified otherwise.

Under the Resolution Plan Rule, a foreign bank that is treated as a bank holding company under Section 8(a) of the International Banking Act of 1978 and has \$50 billion or more in total consolidated assets is a “covered company” under the Rule and therefore required to file a U.S. resolution plan. The Resolution Plan Rule requires that resolution plans demonstrate how, upon material financial distress or failure, a financial institution would be resolved in a rapid and orderly manner that substantially mitigates the risk that the institution’s resolution would have serious adverse effects on U.S. financial stability.

Although Itaú conducts both banking and non-banking activities in the United States, these limited operations are not material to Itaú’s global business and do not pose any systemic risk to U.S. financial stability.

Overview of Itaú’s Global Operations

IU Holding is a Brazilian holding company organized under the laws of Brazil and has its headquarters in São Paulo, Brazil. IU Holding engages in banking and other financial services activities, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Itaú Unibanco S.A. (“Itaú Unibanco”) a bank organized under the laws of Brazil. As of December 31, 2017, IU Holding’s consolidated assets totaled approximately R\$1.4 trillion (US\$433.3 billion) and its consolidated liabilities (including deposits) totaled approximately R\$1.3 trillion (US\$388.6 billion).¹

Itaú operates in the following segments: (i) Retail Banking, (ii) Wholesale Banking, and (iii) Activities with the Market and Corporations. Through these operational segments, Itaú provides a broad range of banking services to a diverse client base that includes individuals and corporate clients, on an integrated basis as follows:

Retail Banking

The Retail Banking segment offers services to a diversified base of account holders and non-account holders, individuals and corporations. The segment includes retail clients, high net worth clients (Itaú Uniclass and Personnalité) and the corporate sector (very small and small companies). This segment comprises financing and lending activities carried out in units other than the branch network, and offering credit cards, in addition to operations with Itaú BMG Consignado. The Retail Banking segment represents an important funding source of Itaú’s operations and generates significant financial income and banking fees.

Wholesale Banking

¹ Amounts in Reais have been converted to U.S. dollars at the December 31, 2017 exchange rate of R\$3.3121 per U.S. dollar. See http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/h10/hist/dat00_bz.htm. All information on assets and liabilities used on this document are available on Itaú’s 2017 Consolidated Annual Report, available at www.itaubank.com.br/investor-relations/financial-information.

The Wholesale Banking segment is responsible for Itaú’s private banking clients, the activities of Latin America units, its middle-market banking business, and the activities of Itaú BBA, which is the unit in charge of corporate and investment banking activities. Itaú’s wholesale banking management model is based on building close relationships with Itaú’s clients by obtaining an in-depth understanding of clients’ needs and offering customized solutions. Corporate activities include providing banking services to large corporations and investment banking activities include the offering of funding resources to the corporate sector, including fixed and variable income instruments.

Activities with the Market and Corporation

The Activities with the Market and Corporation segment manages interest income associated with Itaú’s capital surplus, subordinated debt surplus and the net balance of tax credits and debits, as well as net interest income from the trading of financial instruments through proprietary positions, management of currency interest rate gaps and other risk factors, arbitrage opportunities in both the foreign and Brazilian domestic markets, and mark-to-market of financial instruments. This segment also includes our investment in Porto Seguro, a solid company from the insurance sector and XP Investimentos².

Itaú carries out a wide range of operations outside of Brazil with units strategically located in the Americas, Europe and Asia. Our international presence creates significant synergies in foreign trade finance, the placement of Eurobonds and in the offering of more sophisticated financial transactions to our clients.

Overview of U.S. Operations

Itaú’s U.S. operations focus principally on providing services to Itaú’s Latin American customer base, including wholesale banking services to its corporate customers, commercial banking services primarily to its private banking customers and asset management services to both affiliates and non-affiliates.

Listed below are the five (5) entities and offices through which Itaú conducts its U.S. operations (the “U.S. Operating Entities”):

ENTITY	DESCRIPTION
Itaú Unibanco S.A., New York Branch	New York State-licensed Branch
Banco Itaú International	Edge Act Corporation
Itaú BBA USA Securities, Inc.	Broker-Dealer (New York)
Itaú USA Asset Management, Inc.	Investment Adviser
Itaú International Securities, Inc.	Broker-Dealer (Florida)

2. Material Entities

The Resolution Plan Rule defines material entities (“MEs”) as those legal entities of Itaú that are significant to the activities of a core business line (“CBL”) or critical operation. Under the Resolution Plan Rule, because Itaú is a foreign banking organization, the scope of the ME analysis is limited to those entities domiciled, or that conduct operations in whole or material part, in the United States. Due to the fact that

² On May 11th of 2017 Itaú announced the acquisition of 49.9% of XP Investimentos, a solid Brazilian securities broker, in a total amount of R\$ 5.7Bi. The transaction was approved by Brazilian government on Aug of 2018.

Itaú has no CBLs or critical operations in the United States under the Resolution Plan Rule, none of its U.S. entities are MEs under the Resolution Plan Rule.

3. Core Business Lines

The Resolution Plan Rule defines CBLs as those business lines of the covered company, including associated operations, services, functions and support, which, upon failure, would result in a material loss of revenue, profit or franchise value. Under the Resolution Plan Rule, because Itaú is a foreign banking organization, the scope of the CBL analysis is limited to those operations conducted in whole or material part in the United States. IU Holding has determined that none of its U.S. operations satisfies the Resolution Plan Rule's definition of a CBL for U.S. resolution planning purposes.

4. Summary Financial Information Regarding Assets, Liabilities, Capital and Major Funding Sources

Balance Sheet

The following tables present the consolidated balance sheet for IU Holding. All figures are presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as of December 31, 2017.

In millions of Reais

Assets	12/31/2017
Cash and deposits on demand	18,749
Central Bank compulsory deposits	98,837
Interbank deposits	29,053
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	244,707
Financial assets held for trading	270,121
Pledged as collateral	30,585
Other	239,536
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	1,746
Derivatives	22,843
Available-for-sale financial assets	102,284
Pledged as collateral	33,671
Other	68,613
Held-to-maturity financial assets	36,560
Pledged as collateral	974
Other	35,586
Loan operations and lease operations portfolio, net	465,472
Loan operations and lease operations portfolio	493,367
(-) Allowance for loan and lease losses	(27,895)
Other financial assets	59,568
Investments in associates and joint ventures	5,171
Goodwill	10,716
Fixed assets, net	7,359
Intangible assets, net	8,667
Tax assets	41,927
Income tax and social contribution - current	2,336
Income tax and social contribution - deferred	33,547
Other	6,044
Assets held for sale	736
Other assets	10,453
Total assets	1,434,969
Average interest-earning assets(*)	1,226,148

Average non-interest-earning assets (*)	143,022
Average total assets (*)	1,369,170

(*) The average balances are calculated based on a monthly basis.

In millions of Reais

Liabilities and stockholders' equity	12/31/2017
Deposits	402,938
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	312,634
Financial liabilities held for trading	465
Derivatives	26,746
Interbank market debt	129,616
Institutional market debt	98,482
Other financial liabilities	77,613
Reserves for insurance and private pension	181,232
Liabilities for capitalization plans	3,301
Provisions	19,736
Tax liabilities	7,839
Income tax and social contribution - current	3,175
Income tax and social contribution - deferred	441
Other	4,223
Other liabilities	26,361
Total liabilities	1,286,963
Capital	97,148
Treasury shares	(2,743)
Additional paid-in capital	1,930
Appropriated reserves	12,499
Unappropriated reserves	28,365
Cumulative other comprehensive income	(2,359)
Total stockholders' equity attributed to the owners of the parent company	134,840
Non-controlling interests	13,166
Total stockholders' equity	148,006
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	1,434,969

Average interest-bearing liabilities (*)	1,016,569
Average non-interest-bearing liabilities (*)	212,633
Total average stockholders' equity (*)	127,590
Total average liabilities and stockholders' equity (*)	1,369,170

(*) The average balances are calculated based on a monthly basis.

Capital

The following table summarizes the consolidated regulatory capital ratios for IU Holding as of December 31, 2017. Itaú's minimum capital requirements are expressed in the form of ratios between the available capital, as disclosed in the form of "Patrimônio de Referência (PR)" or Total Capital, and the risk-weighted assets (RWA). These minimum capital requirements are consistent with a set of resolutions and circulars disclosed by the Central Bank since 2013, and which implement in Brazil the global capital requirement standards known as Basel III³.

³ Please refer to Itaú Unibanco Holding S.A.'s "Consolidated Annual Report 2017", Section "Our Risk Management", subsection "Capital Management" for more details about Itaú's capital management and requirements. The report is available at <https://www.itaú.com.br/investor-relations/financial-information>.

Summary Capital Position of IU Holding as of December 31, 2017	
Tier 1	16.2%
Tier II	2.6%
Total	18.8%

Major Funding Sources

Itaú's main sources of funding are its deposits, which are split into demand deposits, savings deposits, time deposits and interbank deposits. As of December 31, 2017, total deposits were R\$402,938 million, which represented 42.7% of total funding.

Itaú also acts as a financial agent in the borrowing funds from BNDES and FINAME, and lending such funds at a spread determined by the Brazilian government to targeted sectors of the economy. We obtain U.S. dollar-denominated lines of credit from our affiliates, including Itaú Unibanco Holding – Grand Cayman branch, Banco Itaú Chile and Itaú BBA S.A. – Nassau branch to provide trade finance funding for Brazilian companies. As of December 31, 2017, Itaú participated as on-lender in BNDES-financed and Finame transactions valued at approximately R\$24.2 billion.

Itaú obtains U.S. dollar-denominated lines of credit from certain of its affiliates to provide among others trade finance funding for Brazilian companies. As of December 31, 2017, Itaú's total import and export funding was approximately R\$39.1 billion.

In addition, Itaú obtains foreign currency funds from the issuance of securities in the international capital markets, either by borrowing privately or by issuing debt securities generally to on-lend these funds in Brazil to Brazilian companies and financial institutions. These on-lending transactions are usually denominated in Reais and are indexed to the U.S. dollar. As of December 31, 2017, Itaú had approximately R\$41.4 billion of structured and financial transactions outstanding. Itaú's international operations represent additional funding vehicles for Itaú by issuing securities and establishing programs for the issuance of several financial instruments.

Itaú also generates funds for its operations through the resale to its customers of securities issued by Itaú previously held in treasury. Itaú's customers have the right to sell these securities back to Itaú at their discretion before their maturity date. Itaú pays interest on these securities funds at variable rates based on the Interbank Deposit Certificate rate. As of December 31, 2017, total funding under this financial product amounted to R\$312.6 billion.

5. Derivative and Hedging Activities

Itaú engages in derivative and hedging activities both on behalf of its clients and to manage Itaú's own risks.

Itaú assists clients in the origination of structured financing and risk hedge operations, including exchange rate and interest rate derivatives, particularly involving European parent corporations of companies in Latin America, the financing of exports among Itaú's corporate clients, European companies investing in Latin America, and Latin American companies expanding abroad. Itaú also carries out financial transactions on behalf of middle-market customers. These transactions include interbank transactions, open market transactions, and futures, swaps, hedging and arbitrage transactions.

Itaú uses derivatives in a variety of ways to manage its own risks. Itaú employs credit derivatives, such as single name credit default swaps, to diminish the credit risks of its securities portfolio. With respect to foreign

exchange, Itaú aims to maintain sufficient hedges to reduce the potential effects from foreign-exchange exposure. Specifically, Itaú hedges its investments in subsidiaries outside Brazil by using foreign-currency denominated liabilities or derivative instruments.

6. Memberships in Material Payment, Clearing and Settlement Systems

In the United States, Itaú, through the New York branch of Itaú Unibanco and Banco Itaú International, is a member of Fed Line Direct and SWIFT.

7. Foreign Operations

As of December 31, 2017, Itaú is present in 18 countries outside of Brazil, seven of which are in Latin America. In Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay, Itaú offers commercial banking (retail) and wholesale banking with its main focus on commercial banking. With the recent merger between Banco Itaú Chile and CorpBanca, which assured our presence in both Colombia and Panama, we further expanded our operations in the region. In Peru, we operate in the corporate segment through a Representative Office. In Mexico, we are present through an office dedicated to equity research activities.

Additionally, we have operations in Europe (France, Germany, Portugal, United Kingdom, Spain, and Switzerland), in the United States (Miami and New York), in the Caribbean (Cayman Islands and the Bahamas), in the Middle East (Dubai), and in Asia (Hong Kong, Shanghai and Tokyo). These are operations that mainly serve institutional, corporate and private banking clients.

8. Material Supervisory Authorities

Itaú is subject to a significant body of laws and regulations that are a condition for authorization to conduct banking and financial services business in each country of incorporation and operation. These requirements are largely prescribed on a jurisdictional basis by the applicable government, central bank, regulatory authorities or other applicable bodies.

The following table provides the contact information of U.S. regulators with supervisory or regulatory authority over Itaú's U.S. legal entities or offices:

ENTITY	DESCRIPTION OF LICENSE OR REGISTRATION	REGULATOR
Itaú Unibanco S.A, New York Branch	License to operate a New York branch of a foreign bank	New York State Department of Financial Services
		Federal Reserve Bank of New York
Banco Itaú International	Edge Act Corporation	Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta
Itaú BBA USA Securities, Inc.	Broker-Dealer	Securities and Exchange Commission

ENTITY	DESCRIPTION OF LICENSE OR REGISTRATION	REGULATOR
		Financial Industry Regulatory Authority
		National Futures Association
		Commodity Futures Trading Commission
Itaú USA Asset Management Inc.	Investment Adviser	Securities and Exchange Commission
Itaú International Securities Inc.	Broker-Dealer	Securities and Exchange Commission
		Financial Industry Regulatory Authority
		National Futures Association
		Commodity Futures Trading Commission
		Florida Office of Financial Regulation, Securities Division

9. Principal Officers

Information regarding IU Holding's Board of Directors is presented in the following table.

Name	Title
Pedro Moreira Salles	Co-Chairman
Roberto Egydio Setubal	Co-Chairman
Alfredo Egydio Setubal	Member
Ana Lúcia de Mattos Barretto Villela	Member
João Moreira Salles	Member
Marco Ambrogio Crespi Bonomi	Member
Ricardo Villela Marino	Member

Information regarding IU Holding's Board of Officers is presented in the following table.

Itaú Unibanco Holding S.A. Board of Officers	
Name	Title
Candido Botelho Bracher	Chief Executive Officer
Eduardo Mazzilli de Vassimon	General Director
Márcio de Andrade Schettini	General Director
André Sapoznik	Vice President
Caio Ibrahim David	Vice President
Claudia Politanski	Vice President
Milton Maluhy Filho	Vice President

Alexsandro Broedel	Executive Officer
Fernando Barçante Tostes Malta	Executive Officer
Leila Cristiane Barboza Braga de Melo	Executive Officer
Paulo Sergio Miron	Executive Officer
Adriano Cabral Volpini	Officer
Álvaro Felipe Rizzi Rodrigues	Officer
Andre Balestrin Cestare	Officer
Emerson Macedo Bortoloto	Officer
Gilberto Frussa	Officer
José Virgilio Vita Neto	Officer
Renato Barbosa do Nascimento	Officer
Rodrigo Luís Rosa Couto	Officer
Sergio Mychkis Goldstein	Officer
Tatiana Grecco	Officer
Tom Gouvea Gerth	Officer

10. Resolution Planning Corporate Governance Structure and Processes Related to Resolution Planning

The resolution planning governance structure of IU Holding is intended to ensure that the U.S. Resolution Plan meets all applicable elements of the Resolution Plan Rule.

This Plan was prepared by the Resolution Planning Team (the “RP Team”), which includes representatives of the principal U.S. Operating Entities, as well as from the IU Holding Risk, Legal and Compliance Departments. In addition, the RP Team shares information and updates with the IU Holding Steering Committee on Dodd-Frank Issues (the “DF Committee”) on a bi-monthly basis.

The DF Committee was informed of the progress in developing the U.S. Resolution Plan and has oversight and approval responsibilities regarding the overall Resolution Planning Governance. It is comprised of Itaú senior management that work in the Legal, Risk and Capital, Internal Controls, Compliance, Market Liquidity and Insurance Risk departments, as well as various business areas.

By delegation of Itaú’s Board, the U.S. CEO is responsible and accountable for the development, maintenance and filing of the U.S. Resolution Plan, with prior revision and approval by the Director of Capital and Risk Management of IU Holding. With the implementation of the U.S. Risk Committee, pursuant to Dodd-Frank Enhanced Prudential Standards (12 CFR 252, Subpart N, § 252.144), such Committee has been assigned the responsibility of reviewing and approving Itaú’s U.S. Resolution Plan.

An initial draft of the 2018 U.S. Resolution Plan was submitted to the U.S. executives on October 25, 2018 for their review. U.S. CRO approved the Plan on December 18, 2018. The Director of Capital and Risk Management of IU Holding also approved the plan on December 17, 2018. The final plan was approved by the members of the U.S. Risk Committee on December 21, 2018.

11. Material Management Information Systems

The U.S. Operating Entities rely upon a number of management information systems (“MIS”) to conduct their “business-as-usual” operations, which they access through licenses directly with third-party vendors and systems hosted by its Head Office and other affiliates. In certain cases, Head Office has contracted for MIS with third-party vendors and then provides access to these systems to the U.S. Operating Entities

through service level agreements (SLAs). The provision of MIS between affiliates generally is on a cost-plus basis. The MIS that would be needed in resolution are more limited in scope than those required on a daily basis. While IU Holding anticipates that, in many cases, it would be possible for the U.S. Operating Entities to access systems hosted by Head Office and other affiliates in resolution, these Entities do not rely upon those systems that would be most relevant in resolution, such as MIS necessary to identify the assets and liabilities of each entity. Were the U.S. Operating Entities not to have access to trading systems hosted by Head Office, the applicable resolution authority would need to identify other means of disposing of certain assets. Even if there were limitations in resolution with respect to the use of and access to MIS, the resolution of the U.S. Operating Entities would not pose any risk to U.S. financial stability.

12. Resolution Strategy Summary

Due to the fact that Itaú has no core business lines, critical operations or material entities in the U.S., the resolution of its U.S. entities would have no impact on U.S. financial stability. The strategic analysis of the U.S. Resolution Plan therefore focuses on the general aspects involved in the resolution of the U.S. entities of Itaú, taking into account the requirements mentioned in the Resolution Plan Rule.

The actual resolution procedures would be determined based on a number of factors, including market conditions, valuations and the liquidity profile of Itaú's U.S. entities at the period of distress or failure. In producing the strategic analysis for the orderly resolution of its U.S. entities, Itaú has taken an approach of considering the different options that would be available for the orderly unwind of operations prior to resolution, as well as guaranteeing that appropriate governance is in place in order to ensure a timely and effective decision-making process regarding the resolution of Itaú's U.S. entities.

The resolution strategy for the New York branch of Itaú Unibanco S.A. contemplates an orderly wind-down and liquidation conducted by the Superintendent of the New York State Department of Financial Services pursuant to Article 13 of New York Banking Law.

The Itaú Edge Act Corporation would be resolved pursuant to Section 25A of the Federal Reserve Act (also known as the "Edge Act"). Due to the specific focus of operations of the Itaú Edge, and the limited nature of its assets and liabilities, a liquidation of the Itaú Edge would be conducted expeditiously and in an orderly manner.

The remaining Itaú U.S. Operating Entities would each be eligible for resolution under Chapter 11 or Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. These entities would likely file under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, which would enable existing management to remain in control of operations during resolution. The proceedings for these entities would likely be consolidated for procedural purposes.

In light of the composition of their assets and liabilities, the resolution of the U.S. Operating Entities would not be complex, would not be overly lengthy, and would not pose any risks to U.S. financial stability.