Meeting Between Staff of the Federal Reserve Board, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC), the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and the State of Washington November 20, 2014

Participants: David Emmel, Dafina Stewart, Kevin Littler, Adam Trost (Federal Reserve Board)

Tena Alexander, James Weinberger, Tiffany Eng (OCC)

Kyle Hadley, Eric Schatten, Greg Feder, Suzanne Dawley (FDIC)

Ellen Evans (Office of the State Treasurer, State of Washington), Dustin McDonald (Government Finance Officers Association), Shaun Rai (Montague DeRose and Associates)

Summary: Staff of the Federal Reserve Board, the OCC, and the FDIC met with representatives of the office of the State of Washington to discuss the Liquidity Coverage Ratio rule, which implements the Basel III liquidity standards in the United States, and its treatment of securities issued by states and municipalities. Representatives of the State of Washington presented data on Washington state's issuance of municipal bonds and discussed the impact of the exclusion of municipal securities from the class of high-quality liquid assets on municipal markets.

Attachment



Trading Liquidity Analysis

November 20, 2014





Executive Summary

- The State of Washington has prepared a detailed analysis of trading in the State's General Obligation Bonds ("WA GO Bonds") and representative corporate bonds
- Key findings:
- > Trading Analysis: Trading volumes, trade par amounts and trading frequency all compare favorably to corporate bonds in stable and volatile market environments
- Diverse Market Participants: Trading flows are balanced in all market environments; most trades in stressed market conditions are sales to end investors
- Orderly Markets: A review of two turbulent market periods the Financial Crisis and the declines for WA GO Bonds May-August 2013 bond market sell-off – shows orderly trading and relatively modest price
- Robust Primary Market: Successful primary market sales in volatile markets offers further evidence of strong liquidity
- The analysis clearly supports the designation of the WA GO Bonds as Level 2B High Quality Liquid Assets





Background To Trading Analysis





Trading Analysis: WA GO Bonds vs. Microsoft and Exxon

- State of Washington general obligation debt
- WA GO Bonds are secured by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the State
- Tax-exempt, fixed-rate Various Purpose (VP) and Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax (MVFT) General **Obligation Bonds**
- VP and MVFT GO Bonds price identically in the primary and secondary markets
- Trading data source: EMMA (Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board public website)
- Microsoft Corporation senior unsecured bonds ("Microsoft Bonds") and Exxon Corporation senior unsecured bonds ("Exxon Bonds")
- Fixed rate USD public, senior, unsecured bonds
- Trading data source: Bloomberg Finance, LLP

	State of Washington	Microsoft	Exxon
Total Outstanding 2014	18,443,000,000	15,200,000,000	NA
Total Outstanding 2013	17,692,000,000	8,450,000,000	NA
Total Outstanding 2008	13,680,000,000	-	6,800,000,000
Credit	General Obligation	Senior Unsecured	Senior Unsecured
Credit Ratings	Aa1/AA+/AA+	Aaa/AAA/AA+	Aaa/AAA/NR
Maturity Structure	Annual Serial Bonds	Index-eligible Bullets	Index-eligible Bullets
Debt Service Structure	Level Annual P&I Payments	Interest Only + Balloon	Interest Only + Balloon
CUSIPs	Multiple Per Issue	Single Per Issue	Single Per Issue





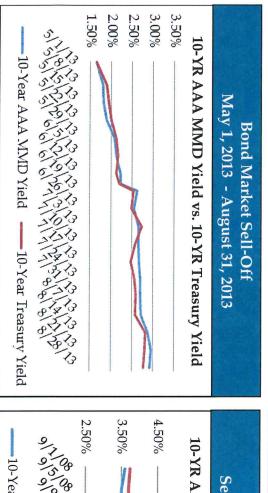
Time Periods Analyzed

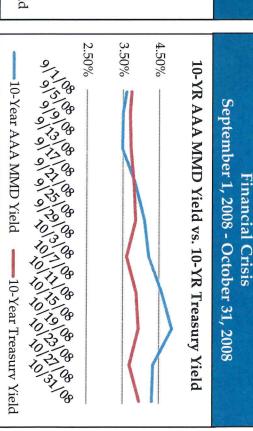
Time Periods Analyzed

April – September 2014: Recent, stable market conditions
May – August 2013: Significant bond market sell-off

September – October 2008: Financial Crisis

Stable Market April 1, 2014 - September 30, 2014 10-YR AAA MMD Yield vs. 10-YR Treasury Yield 3.00% 2.50% 1.50%







Results of Trading Analysis





Trading Analysis: Results

- stress and market volatility WA GO Bonds demonstrate strong trading liquidity in stable markets and in times of financial
- $\gg~{
 m In~stable~markets}$ over the last six months, trade metrics on WA GO Bonds compare favorably with those of a highly rated corporate bond
- Similar evidence of robust trading in stressed markets: during the Financial Crisis (Sep Oct 2008) and significant bond market sell-off (May – Aug 2013)

Total Par Traded Traded Par/Outstanding # of Trades % of Trading Days with Trades Average Trade Par Median Trade Par	State of Washington 1,053 29% 1,053 95% 5,030,122 2,500,000 49,550,000	Microsoft 2,360,690,000 16% 910 98% 2,594,165 2,000,000 5,000,000	State of Washington N 3,235,900,000 18% 651 94% 4,970,661 2,250,000 40,195,000	Microsoft 2,144,077,000 25% 770 99% N/A N/A N/A	State of Washington 1,854,050,000 14% 332 332 86% 5,584,488 2,500,000 34,475,000	432,330,000 432,330,000 6% N/ 80% N/ <i>E</i> N/ <i>E</i>
# or Trades % of Trading Days with Trades	95%	%86 OT6		99%	86%	
					7	
Average Trade Par	5,030,122	2,594,165	4,970,661	N/A	5,584,488	
Median Trade Par	2,500,000	2,000,000	2,250,000	N/A	2,500,000	
Max Trade Par	49,550,000	5,000,000	40,195,000	N/A	34,475,000	
Avg. Par Traded Per Trading Day	42,207,165	18,588,110	37,626,744	24,931,128	42,137,500	
Median Par Traded per Trading Day	19,830,000	17,250,000	22,710,000	21,621,500	37,907,500	
Avg. Trades per Trading Day	9	7	8	9	9	
	7	7	7	x	8	

Note: trading data for all trades with a par amount of \$1 million or greater





WA GO Bond Trades by Maturity

- There is active trading of WA GO Bonds in all maturity ranges in both stable and stressed markets
- Trading activity across all maturities ensures sufficient price information and transparency at all points on the yield curve

	Sta 4/1/2014 t	Stable Market 14 through 9/30/2014	2014	
Maturity	Trade Count	Total Par	Average Par	Median Par
0-5 Years	225	894,925,000	3,977,444	2,500,000
5-10 Years	318	1,918,745,000	6,033,789	3,765,000
10-15 Years	240	1,095,480,000	4,564,500	2,482,500
15-20 Years	189	815,395,000	4,314,259	2,000,000
20-30 Years	81	635,765,000	7,848,951	4,500,000

	Bon 5/1/20	Bond Market Sell-Off 5/1/2013 through 8/30/2013	ff 2013	
Maturity	Trade Count	Total Par	Average Par	Median Par
0-5 Years	98	370,340,000	3,778,980	1,700,000
5-10 Years	146	620,060,000	4,246,986	3,000,000
10-15 Years	217	1,270,520,000	5,854,931	3,175,000
15-20 Years	127	601,060,000	4,732,756	1,960,000
20-30 Years	63	373,920,000	5,935,238	1,535,000
			0,000,000	

		Financial Crisis		
	9/1/200	9/1/2008 through 10/31/2008	/2008	
Maturity	Trade Count	Total Par	Average Par	Median Par
5-10 Years	21	48,430,000	2,306,190	1,500,000
10-15 Years	78	346,665,000	4,444,423	1,650,000
15-20 Years	133	821,875,000	6,179,511	4,750,000
20-25 Years	100	637,080,000	6,370,800	3,095,000





Market Participants: Trading Flows

- Trading flows in WA GO Bonds are well balanced in all time periods analyzed
- Notably, there is no spike in customer sales during down markets and, in fact, customer purchases comprise the greatest portion of trade flows in these down markets
- Market liquidity not overly reliant on inter-dealer trade flows

Inter-dealer % of Volume	Inter-dealer Volume	Customer Bought % of Volume	Customer Bought Volume	Customer Sold % of Volume	Customer Sold Volume			
36%	1,920,670,000	38%	2,053,285,000	26%	1,386,355,000	State of Washington	Apr - Sep 2014	Stable Market
25%	585,602,000	37%	869,902,000	38%	905,186,000	Microsoft	2014	arket
30%	959,665,000	46%	1,484,100,000	24%	792,135,000	State of Washington	May - Aug 2013	Bond Market Sell-Off
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Microsoft	ug 2013	et Sell-Off
29%	531,000,000	40%	747,425,000	31%	575,625,000	State of Washington	Sep - Oct 2008	Financial Crisis
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Exxon	t 2008	l Crisis





Price Volatility Analysis





Price Volatility During Down Markets

- Price declines in times of market stress have been identified as a key factor in assessing liquidity
- corporate bonds WA GO Bond maximum 30 calendar-day price declines of 16% during the Financial Crisis and 9% during the 2013 bond market sell-off are well below the 20% threshold specified for Level 2B

32%	N/A	N/A	5-6%
N/A	16%	13%	5%
Maturities)	(20-25 Year Maturities)	(15-20 Year Maturities) (20-25 Year Maturities	Coupon
Exxon (10-30 Year	State of Washington	State of Washington	
	9/1/2008 through 10/31/2008	9/1/200	
	Max Price Declines - Financial Crisis	Max Price D	

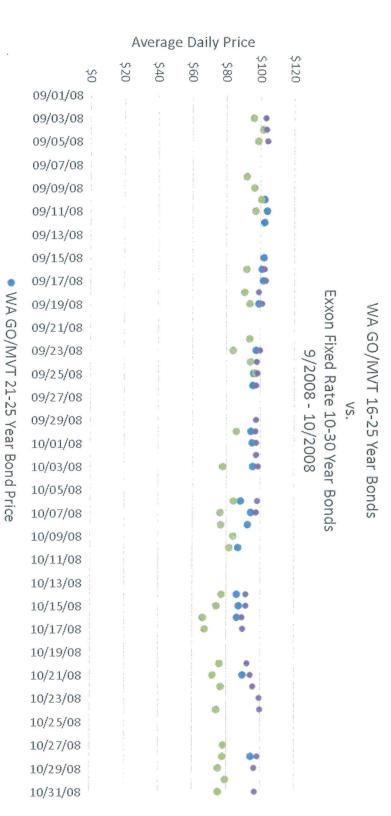
5	Max Price Dec 5/1/20: State of Washington (15-20 Year Maturities) N/A	13 through State of (20-25 Ye	-Off Microsoft (10-30 Year Maturities)
2%	N/A	N/A	5%
3%	5%	N/A	11%
4%	8%	9%	8%
5%	6%	7%	7%





Price Volatility During Down Markets

- WA GO Bond trading during the Financial Crisis was orderly
- Price trends similar to but less severe than representative corporate bonds



Exxon 10-30 Year Fixed Rate Bond Price WA GO/MVT 16-20 Year Bond Price

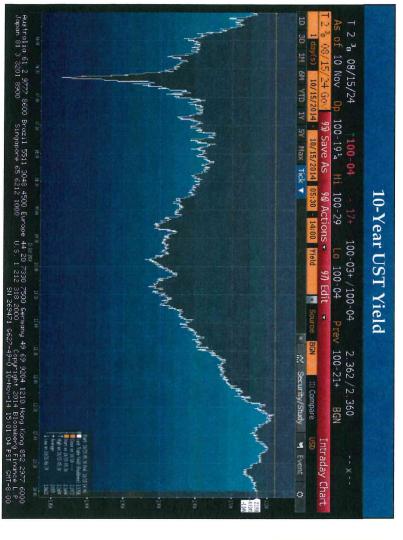
MONTAGUE DEROSE







- The State scheduled the competitive sale of \$934 million refunding bonds on October 15, 2014 (\$626.8 million VPGO Bonds and \$307.3 million of MVFT GO Bonds)
- The fixed income markets experienced significant intra-day market volatility on October 15
- Despite volatility in the Treasury, equity and oil markets, the State proceeded with the sale



10-	10-Year UST Yield	ield	
	Time (ET)	Yield	Change
Open Yield	8:30 AM	2.16%	
Intra-day Low Yield 9:38 AM	9:38 AM	1.86%	-0.30%
Intra-day High Yield 3:37 PM	3:37 PM	2.16%	0.30%
Close Yield	5:00 PM	2.13%	-0.03%

MONTAGUE DEROSE



- Bonds were sold via the municipal market's standard electronic competitive bid process
- ➤ Bid award based on lowest True Interest Cost (TIC) for each issue
- ➤ Dealers commit to underwrite the entire bond issue (all-or-none bid)
- Limited pre-selling to investors given uncertainty regarding which bidder would be successful
- The State received five bids on each series
- Bids were aggressive and tight, with the winning bidders committing \$746 million and \$369 million on the two series
- Bidding process provides strong evidence of dealers' confidence in secondary market liquidity

\$626,765,0	\$626,765,000 Series R-2015C	
Various Purpose General Obligation Refunding Bonds	al Obligation Refur	nding Bonds
8:00 am PT	8:00 am PT - October 15,2014	
Bid Par Amount:	\$626,765,000	
Number of bids:	5	
		Variance From
Bid Results	TIC (%)	Winning Bid (%)
Bank of America Merrill Lynch	2.843874	
J.P. Morgan Securities	2.844120	0.000246
Barclays Capital	2.867331	0.023457
Citigroup Global Markets	2.899109	0.055235
Morgan Stanley & Co.	3.049818	0.205944

\$307,285,00	\$307,285,000 Series R-2015D	
Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds	neral Obligation Re	efunding Bonds
8:30 am PT	8:30 am PT - October 15,2014	
Bid Par Amount:	\$307,285,000	
Number of bids:	5	
		Variance From
Bid Results	TIC (%)	Winning Bid (%)
J.P. Morgan Securities	2.947695	
Bank of America Merrill Lynch	2.961734	0.014039
Citigroup Global Markets	2.962584	0.014889
Barclays Capital	2.982748	0.035053
Morgan Stanley & Co.	3.089930	0.142235

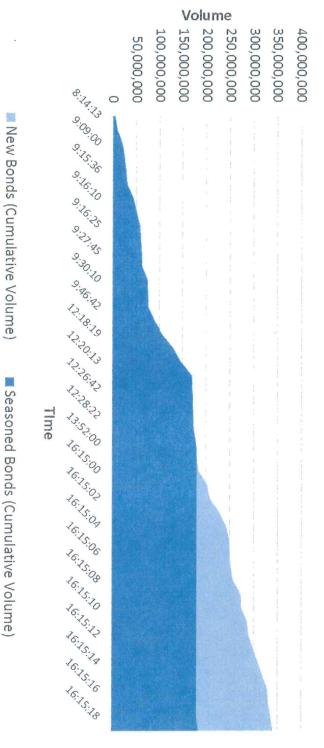




On October 15, trading in WA GO Bonds was very active, both in seasoned bonds as well as in the newly issued bonds

160,550,000	New Bond Trading Volume:
180,580,000	Seasoned Bond Trading Volume:
341,130,000	Total Trading Volume:

State of Washington GO Bond Cumulative Trading Volume October 15, 2014







Conclusion





Executive Summary

- The State of Washington has prepared a detailed analysis of trading in the State's General Obligation Bonds ("WA GO Bonds") and representative corporate bonds
- Key findings:
- > Trading Analysis: Trading volumes, trade par amounts and trading frequency all compare favorably to corporate bonds in stable and volatile market environments
- Diverse Market Participants: Trading flows are balanced in all market environments; most trades in stressed market conditions are sales to end investors
- Orderly Markets: A review of two turbulent market periods the Financial Crisis and the declines for WA GO Bonds May-August 2013 bond market sell-off – shows orderly trading and relatively modest price
- Robust Primary Market: Successful primary market sales in volatile markets offers further evidence of strong liquidity
- The analysis clearly supports the designation of the WA GO Bonds as Level 2B High Quality Liquid Assets

