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# CONFIDENTIAL (FR)

# SUPPLEMENT

# CURRENT ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL CONDITIONS

Prepared for the Federal Open Market Committee

By the Staff
Board of Governors
of the Federal Reserve System

December 13, 1968

#### The Domestic Economy

Book value of <u>business inventories</u> rose sharply in October, according to preliminary data, as an upward bulge in trade--mainly at retail--was superimposed on an increase in manufacturers' stocks about equal to the average rise for the thrid quarter. (Manufacturing inventory changes for October are discussed in the Greenbook.) The magnitude of the over-all rise in October--even after adjustment to a GNP basis because of the inventory valuation adjustment--raises the distinct possibility that the Greenbook projection of fourth quarter inventory accumulation may be low.

CHANGES IN INVENTORIES
(Book value in millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted)

	QIII (monthly average)	September	October
Manufacturing and trade	734	800	1,401
Durable	494	404	860
Nondurable	239	396	541
Trade, total	225	404	896
Wholesale	31	-10	100
Re <b>tail</b>	194	414	796
Durable	61	121	543
Nondurable	133	293	253
Manufacturing, total	509	396	505

More than two-fifths (\$355 million) of the increase in retail inventories was in the automobile group, and reflected continued high production during a month when sales declined moderately. Dealer

stocks of autos on a unit base also rose sharply in October, and continued up in November, but much more slowly. While the stock-sales ratio for durable goods retailers rose significantly, the over-all ratio for durables in manufacturing and trade changed little, as strong sales resulted in lower ratios in a number of industries. For nondurables, the over-all stock-sales ratio rose slightly, mainly as manufacturers inventories increased.

#### The Domestic Financial Situation

Nonbank depositary institutions. Preliminary indications are that the thrift institutions sustained their improved savings inflows during November. Mutual savings bank inflows accelerated further to a 7.4 per cent seasonally adjusted annual rate, which is the fourth monthly increase from the July low. Although only fragmentary information is now available for savings and loan associations, it suggests improvement over the modest year ago experience, but the extent of the increase is still not clear. It is hoped that S&L data will be available for the FOMC meeting.

GROWTH IN SAVINGS AT THRIFT INSTITUTIONS (Seasonally adjusted annual rate in per cent)

	Mutual Savings Banks	Savings and Loan Associations	Both
1967 - I	9.6	9.4	9.5
II	10.8	11.1	11.0
III	8.6	9.7	9.4
IV	7.0	6.2	6.4
1968 - I	7.2	5.6	6.1
II	6.6	5.6	5.9
III IV	6.3	6.0	6.1
July	5.9	4.7	5.1
August	6.2	6.1	6.1
September	6.8	7.2	7.1
October	6.9 <u>r</u> /	7.4	7.2
November p/	7.4	n.a	n.a.
r/ Revised.	р/	Preliminary.	

During the entire month of November, FHA data (confidential until Monday noon, December 16) confirm that returns on home mortgages edged higher in a period of generally upward rate pressures throughout the capital market. Average contract interest rates on conventional first mortgages in the primary market returned to their earlier postwar high of 7.30 per cent, according to the estimates shown in the table, which are rounded to the nearest 5 basis points. In the private secondary market for Government underwritten mortgages, the increase in yields as well as discounts accelerated, but to levels still below highs reached earlier this year. Since returns on new issues of high grade corporate bonds also rose modestly during November as a whole, average gross yield spreads favoring home-mortgage investment remained at or close to their reduced October margins, which were comparatively unattractive by standards prevailing before 1965.

AVERAGE RATES AND YIELDS ON SELECTED NEW-HOME MORTGAGES

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		Market: onal loans		Secondary Market: FHA-insured loans			
	Level (per cent)	Yield spread (basis points)	Level (per cent)	Yield spread (basis points)	Discount (points)		
<u>1967</u>							
November	6.65	12	6.77	24	6.5		
December	6.70	19	6.81	30	6.8		
1968							
January	6.75	51	6.81	57	6.8		
February	6.75	45 <u>r</u> /	6.78	49	6.6		
March	6.80	24	6.83	27	7.0		
April	6.90	38	6.94	42	7.9		
May	7.15	49	7.50e	84e	6.1e		
June	7.25	60	7.52	87	6.3		
July	7.30	76	7.42	88	5.5		
August	7.30	104	7.35	109	5.0		
September	7.30	100	7.28	98	4.4		
October	7.25	68 <u>r</u> /	7.29	72 <u>r</u> /	4.5		
November*	7.30	66	7.36	72	5.1		

Note: FHA series: Interest rates on conventional first mortgages (excluding additional fees and charges) are rounded to the nearest 5 basis points. Secondary market yields and discounts are for certain 6 per cent, FHA-insured Sec. 203 loans through April 1968. Data for May 1968 estimated by Federal Reserve based on the new 6-3/4 per cent regulatory rate, on which a change of 1.0 points in discount is associated with a change of 12 to 13 basis points in yield. Gross yield spread is average mortgage return, before deducting servicing fees, minus average yield on new issues of high grade corporate bonds.

<sup>\* -</sup> Data for November 1968 are confidential until Monday noon, December 16.

Corporate and municipal bond yields. Yields on corporate and municipal bonds continued to advance this week. Several new issues in both markets, however, were accorded an enthusiastic response from investors at new record yields. The corporate Aaa new issue series registered 6.92 per cent, a gain of 11 basis points from the week earlier. While the week-to-week advance in this series overstates the actual rise in yields, the level of yields now appears to be accurately reflected.

BOND YIELDS (Weekly averages, per cent per annum)

	Corpora New	te Aaa Seasoned	State and	local Government
······································	With call protection		S&P High Grade	Bond Buyer's (mixed_qualities)
1968				
Low	6.13 (8/30)	5.95 (9/13)	4.15 (8/9)	4.07 (8/9)
High		6.44 (12/13)		
Week ending:				
Nov. 1		6.15	4.63	4.56
8	6.43	6.16	4.64	4.56
15	6 <b>.5</b> 5	6.15	4.68	4.58
22	6.64*	6.17	4.70	4.62
29	6.68	6.28	4.70	4.64
Dec. 6	6.81	6.31	4.83	4.76
13	6.92	6.44	4.93	4.82

<sup>\* -</sup> Some issues included carry 10-year call protection.

KEY INTEREST RATES

	1968					
	Lo	DW	H:	igh	Nov. 25	Dec. 12
Short-Term Rates						
Federal funds (weekly average)	4.56	(1/3)	6.38	(5/15)	5.45-(11/20)	5.82 (12/11
3-months						
Treasury bills (bid)	4.82	(1/29)	5.92	(5/21)	5.42	5.89
Bankers acceptances		(3/7)		(12/12)	6.00	6.13
Euro-dollars		(2/2)		(6/4)	6.91 (11/21)	7.06
Federal agencies		(2/9)		(5/17)	5.77 (11/21)	6.02
Finance paper		(3/7)		(6/25)	5.88	5.88
CD's (prime NYC)		(		(		
Highest quoted new issue	5.25	(2/8)	6.00	(12/12)	6.00 (11/21)	6.00
Secondary market		(1/31)		(12/12)	6.05 (11/21)	6.20
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6-months						
Treasury bills (bid)		(1/29)		(5/21)	5.56	5.96
Bankers acceptances		(3/7)		(12/12)	6.13	<b>ĕ.25</b>
Commercial paper		(3/7)		(7/25)	6.00	6.00
Federal agencies	5.25	(2/9)	6.25	(5/24)	5.91 (11/21)	6.16
CD's (prime NYC)						
Highest quoted new issue	5.50	(3/7)	6.25	(12/12)	5.75 (11/21)	6.25
Secondary market	5.45	(1/31)	6.40	(5/31)	6.20 (11/21)	6.30
1-year						
Treasury bills (bid)	5 05	(8/1)	6 03	(5/21)	5.58	5.83
Prime municipals		(8/8)		(5/21)	3.20 (11/21)	3.65
ilime municipals	2.75	(0/0)	3.30	(3/31)	3.20 (11/21)	3.03
Intermediate and Long-Term						
Treasury coupon issues						
5-years	5.42	(1/12)	6.21	(5/21)	5.70	6.05
20-years		(8/1)		(12/12)	5.62	5.81
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Corporate		4-4-5		44		
Seasoned Aaa		(9/5)		(12/12)	6.26	6.47
Baa	6.77	(10/3)	7.18	(12/12)	7.05	7.18
New Issue Aaa	_					
With call protection		(8/29)			6.64 (11/21)	6.92
Without call protection	6.29	(2/2)	7.14	(12/5)	6.78 (11/21)	7.07
Municipal						
Bond Buyer Index	4.07	(8/8)	4.82	(12/12)	4.62 (11/21)	4.82
Moody's Aaa		(8/8)			4.35 (11/21)	4.45
LOUGY D Had	3.00	(0/0)	4.40	· 112/14) ·	7.33 (II/CI)	4.47
Mortgageimplicit yield						
in FNMA weekly auction 1/	7.12	(5/6)	7.72	(6/10)	7.40	7.51 (12/9)
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<sup>1/</sup> Yield on 6-month forward commitment after allowance for commitment fee and required purchase and holding of FNMA stock. Assumes discount on 30-year loan amortized over 15 years.

#### International Developments

The <u>U. K. trade figures</u> for November, announced on Thursday, show a further strong rise in exports while imports dropped back to the September level. For the last three months together, the trade deficit was at a rate substantially lower than in the spring and summer. However, in comparison with 1966 the import rise still exceeds that of exports.

UNITED KINGDOM MERCHANDISE TRADE (In billions of dollars, annual rates)

	Year	April	1-Sept. Sept.		Oct.	Nov.
	1966	1967	1968		1968	
Exports 1/	14.7	14.8	15.2	16.2	15.7	16.7
Imports $\frac{\overline{2}}{2}$	16.7	<u>17.5</u>	<u>18.6</u>	18.8	<u>19.2</u>	<u>18.7</u>
Balance	-2.0	-2.7	-3.4	-2.6	-3.5	-2.0
Balance (B/P basis)	-0.3	-1.1	-1.7	-1.0	-2.0	-0.5

<sup>1/</sup> F.o.b.; including re-exports

The exchange market at first reacted favorably with a wave of buying of sterling. Later on Thursday and also today the Bank of England has again had to support the rate. Forward sterling continues at substantial discounts: for the three-month contract, a little over 5 per cent per annum today.

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{2}$ / C.i.f.; excluding U. S. military aircraft.

# PROPOSED 1969 FOMC GREENBOOKS AND MEETINGS

<u>Greenbook</u>	Meeting
January 8	January 14
January 29	February 4
February 26	March 4
March 26	April 1
April 23	April 29
May 21	May 27
June 11	June 17
July 9	July 15
August 6	August 12
September 3	September 9
October 1	October 7
October 22	October 28
November 19	November 25
December 10	December 16