



2013 §165(d) Tailored Resolution Plan

Landesbank Hessen-Thüringen Girozentrale (“Helaba”)

Public Section of 2013 §165(d) Tailored Resolution Plan

Public Section

(i) Executive Summary

Section 165(d) of the Dodd-Frank Act (“DFA”) and its implementing rules require, among other things, any company covered by section 165 (d) to produce a resolution plan (such plan for Landesbank Hessen-Thüringen Girozentrale (“Helaba”) being this “Resolution Plan”) to provide for such company’s rapid and orderly resolution in the event of material financial distress or failure. The implementing rules (collectively, the “Rule”) were jointly issued by the Federal Reserve System (the “Board”), codified at 12 C.F.R. Part 243, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the “FDIC” and together with the Board, the “Agencies”), codified at 12 C.F.R. Part 381, on November 1, 2011. Helaba is considered a “Covered company” under the Rule and must file this Resolution Plan with the Agencies. References to the Rule contained herein are to 12 C.F.R. Part 243 promulgated by the Board.

Under the requirements of the Rule, Covered companies are required to assess their U.S. banking operations for the presence of “Material entities”, “Critical operations”, and “Core business lines”. Helaba performed this assessment and determined that there were no Material entities, Critical operations or Core business lines as defined in the Rule. Therefore, the focus of this Resolution Plan is the orderly resolution of Helaba’s New York State chartered branch (the “New York Branch”), which conducts the vast majority of the U.S. operations of the Covered company. Such resolution will be driven by the requirements of the New York State receivership procedures for the orderly liquidation of a banking entity in resolution.

Helaba is a legal entity under German public law. Helaba is owned by the German states of Hesse and Thuringia, the savings banks in Hesse and Thuringia (via Savings Banks and Giro Association Hesse-Thuringia (the “Association”)), the Rheinisch Savings Banks and Giro Association, and the Savings Banks Association Westphalia-Lippe as well as two trust companies of the German-wide Savings Banks Finance Group (DSGV, association of German savings banks and landesbanks; via Fides Alpha Ltd. and Fides Beta Ltd.). The savings banks are at the same time customers, owners and partners of Helaba.

Helaba is subject to governmental supervision and regulation by the Federal Financial Services Supervisory Authority, an independent authority with regulatory powers, with the assistance of the Deutsche Bundesbank under the German Banking Act of July 10, 1961, as amended. State supervision of Helaba and the Association is exercised by the Thuringian Ministry of Finance. The state supervision alternates every four years between the Thuringian Ministry of Finance and the Hessian Ministry for Economics.

Helaba is dual-headquartered in Frankfurt/Main and Erfurt.

Helaba has the following three lines of business:

- “Wholesale Business” activities concentrate on Financial Institutions and Public Finance (“FIPF”), Real Estate, Corporate Finance, Global Markets, Asset Management and Transactions Business.
- “S-Group Business, Private Customers and SME Business” serves as a central product supplier and services platform for savings banks. Additionally, this line of business includes the wholly-owned subsidiary Frankfurter Sparkasse as well as Landesbausparkasse Hessen-Thüringen and Frankfurter Bankgesellschaft (Switzerland) Ltd.

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- “Public Development and Infrastructure Business” undertakes public development functions on behalf of the State of Hesse via the “*Wirtschafts- und Infrastrukturbank Hessen*” (*WIBank*) – a legally dependent entity within Helaba with the statutory guarantee of the State of Hesse.

At December 31, 2012, Helaba had total consolidated assets of approximately \$241 billion (USD) and total revenue of approximately \$1.95 billion (USD). At December 31, 2012, Helaba had approximately 6,075 employees located primarily in Germany.

Overview of the New York Branch

The New York Branch was licensed by the New York State Department of Financial Services (“NYDFS”) in January 1981. The New York Branch is not required to be and is not a member of FDIC. The New York Branch also maintains an International Banking Facility (the “IBF”) for booking foreign related liabilities and assets in accordance with the regulations of the New York Superintendent of Financial Services and Federal Reserve Regulation D. As of December 31, 2012, the IBF had no assets.

The New York Branch’s offices are located at 420 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York. Helaba has no other locations in the United States. The New York Branch engages in business with customers primarily located in the United States and Canada.

The New York Branch has three lending business areas:

- Real Estate Finance
- Corporate Finance (Structured Finance)
- Financial Institutions & Public Finance

In addition, the New York Branch is active in money market trading activities (inter-bank and selected corporates), which include the management of an investment portfolio consisting of certificates of deposit (“CDs”) and investment-grade medium-term notes issued by banks or finance companies. The funding of the New York Branch’s loan portfolio is primarily provided by the head office of Helaba located in Frankfurt, Germany (the “Head Office”). All other funding needs of the New York Branch are fulfilled by corporate, bank and government entity deposits, and the issuance of CDs and commercial paper (“CP”).

(ii) Consolidated or segment financial information regarding assets, liabilities, capital and major funding sources

The balance sheet of the Covered Company is set forth below:

Figure 1

Statement of Financial Position

as at 31 December 2012

Assets

	Notes	31.12.2012	31.12.2011	Change	
		in € m	in € m	in € m	in %
Cash reserve	(33)	8,925	351	8,574	>100.0
Loans and advances to banks	(4), (34)	23,236	15,295	7,941	51.9
Loans and advances to customers	(4), (35)	90,821	84,041	6,780	8.1
Allowances for losses on loans and advances	(11), (36)	-1,205	-1,256	51	4.1
Trading assets	(4), (37)	37,954	37,960	-6	-
Positive fair values of non-trading derivatives	(4), (5), (38)	6,992	4,285	2,707	63.2
Financial investments	(4), (39)	27,937	18,755	9,182	49.0
Shares in equity-accounted companies	(3), (40)	66	50	16	32.0
Investment property	(12), (41)	2,423	2,436	-13	-0.5
Property and equipment	(13), (42)	266	315	-49	-15.6
Intangible assets	(14), (43)	193	167	26	15.6
Income tax assets	(19), (44)	753	636	117	18.4
Non-current assets held for sale and disposal groups	(15), (45)	-	8	-8	-100.0
Other assets	(16), (46)	940	942	-2	-0.2
Total assets		199,301	163,985	35,316	21.5

Equity and liabilities

	Notes	31.12.2012	31.12.2011	Change	
		in € m	in € m	in € m	in %
Liabilities due to banks	(4), (47)	39,275	31,533	7,742	24.6
Liabilities due to customers	(4), (48)	47,611	41,907	5,704	13.6
Securitized liabilities	(4), (49)	57,168	37,243	19,925	53.5
Trading liabilities	(4), (50)	36,148	37,198	-1,050	-2.8
Negative fair values of non-trading derivatives	(4), (5), (51)	4,982	3,916	1,066	27.2
Provisions	(17), (18), (52)	1,644	1,279	365	28.5
Income tax liabilities	(19), (53)	637	357	280	78.4
Other liabilities	(16), (54)	656	592	64	10.8
Subordinate capital	(20), (55)	4,363	4,466	-103	-2.3
Equity	(56)	6,817	5,494	1,323	24.1
Subscribed capital		2,509	2,397	112	4.7
Capital reserves		1,546	658	888	>100.0
Retained earnings		2,642	2,554	88	3.4
Revaluation reserve		162	-88	250	>100.0
Currency translation reserve		4	5	-1	-20.0
Cash flow hedge reserve		-23	-19	-4	-21.1
Non-controlling interests		-23	-13	-10	-76.9
Total equity and liabilities		199,301	163,985	35,316	21.5

In addition to Head Office funding, the New York Branch also funds itself by issuing CP and CDs.

(iii) A description of derivative activities and hedging activities

The New York Branch engages in derivative activities solely to hedge interest rate risk. There are no other derivative or hedging activities.

(iv) A list of memberships in material payment, clearing and settlement systems

The New York Branch is not a member of any material payment, clearing or settlement system.

(v) A description of foreign operations

The New York Branch has no foreign operations (other than the Head Office) material to its resolution.

(vi) The identities of material supervisory authorities

The New York Branch is supervised by the following authorities:

USA

- (1) NYDFS; and
- (2) Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Germany

- (1) Deutsche Bundesbank Hauptverwaltung in Hessen;
Regionalbereich Banken und Finanzaufsicht Sachgebiet Systemrelevante Banken IV
- (2) Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht (BaFin);
- (3) State supervision exercised by the Thuringian Ministry of Finance or the Hessian Ministry of Economics (alternating every four years); and
- (4) Helaba will be among the financial institutions under the financial supervision of the European Central Bank.

(vii) The identities of the principal officers

Hans-Christian Ritter, Executive Vice President and Branch Manager

(viii) A description of the corporate governance structure and processes related to resolution planning

Executive bodies of Helaba are the Board of Owners, the Supervisory Board and the Board of Managing Directors (the latter being the “Managing Board”). Authority and responsibility for this Resolution Plan rests with the Managing Board. Helaba has formed a Steering Committee which serves as the principal advisory committee to the Managing Board in respect of this Resolution Plan. The Steering Committee is comprised of senior executives within the New York Branch and is responsible for overseeing matters related to resolution planning under the Rule.

(ix) **A description of material management information systems**

The New York Branch uses two material management information systems, known as Midas and Murex. Midas processes Helaba's transactions and updates its records. Murex is the system used for trading and risk management.

(x) **A description, at a high level, of the Covered company's resolution strategy, covering such items as the range of potential purchasers of the Covered company, its Material entities and Core business lines.**

As a branch of Helaba, the New York Branch would be liquidated under New York State Banking Law. Pursuant to New York law, the Superintendent of the NYDFS administers substantial resolution policies and procedures to which the New York Branch would be subject.